# Επίκαιρα!

V Call

Haris Skokos • 1st Associate Professor and Deputy Dean at the University of Cape Town 1w • S

I'm happy to share that I'm starting a new position as Deputy Dean for Postgraduate Studies and Research, Faculty of Science at **University of Cape Town**!



## Ιχνηλατώντας την μουσική με την συμβολική δυναμική και την θεωρία της πολυπλοκότητας

## Vasileios Basios

"Vasileios.Basios@ulb.be" & "vbasios@gmail.com"

Interdisciplinary Centre for Nonlinear Phenomena & Complex Systems (Cenoli-ULB) & Département de Physique des Systèmes Complexes et Mécanique Statistique, University of Brussels (ULB), Brussels.

# Entropy Order & Disorder



JORGE CHAM © 2005 www.phdcomics.com





## Prigogine Nicolis & Lefever (Nobel 1979)

**Turing's Morphogenesis Entropy Production Theorem Fluctuation Dissipation** Theorem **Dissipative Structures Self-Organization & Pattern Formation** 



Poincaré (1890s) & Maxwell: Nonlinear dynamical systems can exhibit sensitive dependence on initial conditions

SYMBOLIC DYNAMICS: a seminal idea





Hadamard (1898): motion on negative curvature is sensitive to initial conditions

Artin, Heldund and Hopf: the motion on a surface of constant negative curvature is ergodic.

Krylov: A physical billiard is a system with negative curvature, along the lines of collision

Sinai: a physical billiard can be ergodic.





## **ENTROPY**

 $\mathrm{H}(X) = -\sum_{i=1}^n \mathrm{P}(x_i) \log_b \mathrm{P}(x_i)$ 

 $S=-\operatorname{tr}(
ho\ln
ho)$  . Statistical. Operator (1927)

 $egin{aligned} 
ho &= \sum \eta_j \ket{j} ra{j} \ S &= -\sum_j \eta_j \ln \eta_j \end{aligned}$ 

 $egin{aligned} \mathrm{H}(X) &= \mathrm{E}[\mathrm{I}(X)] = \mathrm{E}[-\log(\mathrm{P}(X))], \ \mathrm{I}(x) &:= -\log_b\left[\mathrm{Pr}\left(x
ight)
ight] = -\log_b\left(P
ight). \end{aligned}$ 

Information content: surprise : bit Claude Shannon

X : Discrete Random Variable with events  $\{x_1, \ldots, x_n\}$ 

"... Shannon replied that the theory was in excellent shape, except that he needed a good name for "missing information". **"Why don't you call it entropy"**, von Neumann suggested. "In the first place, a mathematical development very much like yours **already exists in Boltzmann's statistical mechanics**, and in the second place, no one understands entropy very well, so in any discussion you will be in a position of advantage."

> John Avery "(2003) "Information Theory and Evolution. World Scientific"



### FOUNDATIONS OF COMPLEX SYSTEMS

Emergence, Information and Prediction 2nd Edition

Gregoire Nicolis · Catherine Nicolis

World Scientific

### http://www.scholarpedia.org/article/Entropy

Ingemar Bengtsson and Karol Życzkowski

An Introduction to QUANTUM ENTANGLEMENT

Second Edition

Geometry of Quantum States 2.6 To see an analogy between the Shannon and the Havrda–Charvat entropies prove that [2]

$$S(P) \equiv -\sum_{i} p_{i} \ln p_{i} = -\left[\frac{d}{dx}\left(\sum_{i} p_{i}^{x}\right)\right]\Big|_{x=1} \quad (2.86)$$

$$S_q^{HC}(P) \equiv \frac{1}{1-q} \left( \sum_i p_i^q - 1 \right) = -\left[ D_q \left( \sum_i p_i^x \right) \right] \Big|_{x=1} \quad (2.87)$$

where the 'multiplicative' Jackson q-derivative reads

$$D_q(f(x)) \equiv \frac{f(qx) - f(x)}{qx - x}$$
, so that  $\lim_{q \to 1} D_q(f(x)) = \frac{df(x)}{dx}$ . (2.88)



"Wormholes" connecting two black holes in different parts of space-time can exist - but only if particles on the black holes' surfaces are quantum entangled



Break the entanglement, and the wormhole snaps too, suggesting entanglement is the thread that binds space-time together

Bekenstein Hawking Black Hole Entropy

## How to put Dynamics into Symbolic Dynamics & Entropy

State-space:  $X = \{x\}$ Transformation: x' = T(x)Coarse-Graining: S(X)Alphabet:  $\{a,b,c,...\}$  e.g.  $\{0,1\}$ 

 $\rightarrow$  Trajectory to Symbol-Sequence:  $s(T(x)) = \dots 110.01\dots$ 





Dynamics  $\rightarrow$  symbol sequence = TEXT with Grammar & Syntax





Circle-Map Golden Ratio Fibonacci Sequence  $S_0$  0  $S_1$  01  $S_2$ 010  $S_3$ 01001  $S_4$ 01001010  $S_5$ 0100101001001



J. Stat. Phys. 54,3/4, **1989** "Chaotic Dynamics, Markov Partitions,& Zipf's Law" **G. Nicolis, C. Nicolis, J.S. Nicolis** 



ααβαβααβαβγβαβαααβαβααβααβααβγβαβγ ... etc.







Weng, T., et al. "Memory and betweenness preference in temporal networks induced from time series." Sci Rep 7, 41951 (2017)



#### Lorenz system of equations

$$egin{array}{rcl} \dot{x}&=&\sigma(y-x)\ \dot{y}&=&rx-y-xz\ \dot{z}&=&xy-bz \end{array}$$

$$\sigma = 10, b = 0.25, r = 490,$$
  
partition close to the average values of the variables.

$$\langle S_g 
angle = 0.2899$$
(symbols/tu)  $h_{KS} = 0.6077$ 

Goëdel numbering assumption, OK. Set of forbidden proto-words, "Lorenz' Grammar"

$$\mathcal{F}_L = \{XX, YY, ZX\}$$



### Rössler system of equations

 $egin{array}{rcl} \dot{x}&=&-y-z\ \dot{y}&=&x+ay\ \dot{x}&=&bx-cz+xz \end{array}$ 

a = 0.38, b = 0.30, c = 4.82,partition far away from the average values of the variables.

$$\langle S_g \rangle = 0.411$$
(symbols/tu)  $h_{KS} = 0.033$ 

Göedel numbering assumption OK for "Rössler's Grammar". Set of forbidden proto-words :

$$\mathcal{F}_R = \{YY, YZ, ZZ\}$$



Dverview	📮 Repositories 🗻	Projects	Packages				
Find a repository							
ENTROPA							
A stand-alone program in C++ for Block-Entropy Analysis and Symbolic Dynamics							
●C ☆1 Φ	ANU General Public License v3.	0 Updated on Oc	t 11, 2018				

VaB Alcamis

 $H(m) = -\sum_{ ext{all }m ext{-words}} P(w) \ln P(w)$ 

	THE RESULT OF	THE PROGRAME
L	!!	H(l)
L = 2	!!	H[2] = 1.3862640858
L = 3	!!	H[3] = 2.0793726444
L = 4	!!	H[4] = 2.7722454071
L = 5	!!	H[5] = 3.4643878937
L = 6	!!	H[6] = 4.1553511620
L = 7		H[7] = 4.8436260223
L = 8	!!	H[8] = 5.5277051926
L = 9	!!	H[9] = 6.2034478188
L = 10	!!	H[10] = 6.8624925613

01 = 2003	P1	=	0.250	h[1]	=0.346730
10 = 2003	P2	=	0.250	h[2]	=0.346730
00 = 2018	P3	=	0.252	h[3]	=0.347445
11 = 1975	P4	=	0.247	h[4]	=0.345359
			=======		
total = 7999			H[2] =	1.3862640858	
		=====			======
010 = 1004	P1	=	0.126	h[1]	=0.260503
101 = 989	P2	=	0.124	h[2]	=0.258472
100 = 1014	P3	=	0.127	h[3]	=0.261841
001 = 1013	P4	=	0.127	h[4]	=0.261708
011 = 999	P5	=	0.125	h[5]	=0.259829
111 = 976	P6	=	0.122	h[6]	=0.256689
110 = 999	P7	=	0.125	h[7]	=0.259829
000 = 1004	P8	=	0.126	h[8]	=0.260503
			=======		======
total = 7998 =================			H[3] =	2.0793726444	======
				6.643	
0101 = 489	P1	=	0.061	n[1]	=0.170875
1010 = 515	PZ	=	0.064	n[2]	=0.176625
0100 = 515	P3	=	0.064	n[3]	=0.176625
1001 = 507	P4	=	0.063	n[4]	=0.174874
0011 = 525	P5	=	0.066	n[5]	=0.178792
0111 = 487	P6	=	0.061	n[o]	=0.170426
1110 = 487	P7	=	0.061	n[7]	=0.170426
1101 = 500	P8	=	0.063	n[8]	=0.173328
0010 = 488	P9	=	0.061	n[9]	=0.170651
1011 = 474	P10	=	0.059	h[10]	=0.167480
1111 = 489	P11	=	0.061	h[11]	=0.170875
1100 = 499	P12	=	0.062	h[12]	=0.173107
1000 = 506	P13	=	0.063	h[13]	=0.174654
0000 = 498	P14	=	0.062	h[14]	=0.172885
0001 = 506	P15	=	0.063	h[15]	=0.174654
0110 = 512	P16	=	0.064	h[16]	=0.175970
total = 7997			H[4] =	2.7722454071	



### A Conjecture by Ebeling and Nicolis

In the course of their analysis of symbol sequences they proposed a general scaling law for the block entropy.

$$H_m = mh + gm^\mu \left(\log m
ight)^
u + e$$



The Shannon Block Entropy of the partition is :

$$H(m) = -\sum_{\text{all }m\text{-words}} P(w) \ln P(w)$$

where P(w) is the probability of occurrence of each word, w, of length m

"The key is to realize that uncertainty represents potential information" (David Applebaum)

### **Shannon-McMillan Theorem** :

The probability of a word of length m to appear is "penalized" according to Entropy scaling w.r.t. its length

 $P[w(n)] \approx e^{-H(m)}$ 

J. Stat. Phys. 54,3/4, **1989** "Chaotic Dynamics, Markov Partitions,& Zipf's Law" G. Nicolis, C. Nicolis, J.S. Nicolis

Vasileios Basios, Gian-Luigi Forti qnd Gregoire Nicolis **"Symbolic Dynamics Generated By A Combination Of Graphs"** Int. J. of Bifurcation and Chaos vol. 18, no. 08, pp. 2265-2274 (2008)

### A Conjecture by Ebeling and Nicolis

In the course of their analysis of symbol sequences they proposed a general scaling law for the block entropy.



 $H_m = mh + gm^{\mu} \left(\log m\right)^{\nu} + e$ 

- Measure of departure of "total randomness", complexity.
- Role of Constraints that underlie the dynamics of the symbol-sequence generating process (coarse graining).
- Context & Constraints as the key factors of the Emergence of Complexity.
- Shannon-Block Entropy scaling laws as an indicator of 'Semantic–Syntactic–Pragmatic' Information Interplay.

VB, Gian-Luigi Forti and Grégoire Nicolis, "Symbolic Dynamics Generated By A Combination Of Graphs" Int. J. of Bif. and Chaos, 18, 08, 2265-74 (2008)

## ... Symbolic Dynamics (paper + an AIP 'Scilight')

doi.org/10.33581/1561-4085-2020-23-2-102-112

## Symbolic dynamics of music from Europe and Japan 💿 🙃

Chaos 31, 053122 (2021); https://doi.org/10.1063/5.0048396

<sup>(D)</sup> Vasileios Basios<sup>1,a)</sup>, Thomas Oikonomou<sup>2,b)</sup>, and Robin De Gernier<sup>3</sup>





**Scilight** "Differences in regional music show up in statistical analyses via symbolic dynamics", aip.scitation.org/doi/10.1063/10.0005137

## The Alphabet (coarse-graining)

- u for up, when the tone of the note rises in comparison to the previous one
- *d* for down, when the tone of the note drops in comparison to the previous one
- s for sustains, when the tone of the note remains the same in comparison to the previous one.

## The Dynamics



### The original Texts:

Beethoven's Sonata Op.31,No2; Yatsuhashi Kengyoo's "Rokudan no Shirabe"; Yoshizawa Kengyoo II's "Chidori no kyoku"

## The Entropy Quantities:

$$H(m) = -\sum_{ ext{all }m ext{-words}} P(w) \ln P(w)$$

$$h_n = H_{n+1} - H_n$$

$$h=\lim_{n\to\infty}h_n$$

### **Entropy of the Source**

(uncertainty of the next letter, "surprise") discrete analogue of the Kolmogorov-Sinai Entropy



**FIG. 5.** Block-entropy  $H_n$  (in bits) vs word length *n*. Blue squares "Chidori no kyoku," purple dots "Rokudan no Shirabe," green crosses "Sonata for pianoforte Op. 31 No. 2, track 1," red triangles "Sonata for pianoforte Op. 31 No. 2, track 2."



**FIG. 6.** Uncertainty  $h_n$  (in bits) vs the word length n. Blue squares "Chidori no kyoku," red spheres "Rokudan no Shirabe," green triangles "Sonata for pianoforte Op. 31 No. 2, track 1," purple crosses "Sonata for pianoforte Op. 31 No. 2, track 2."



**FIG. 8.** Power law in  $n^{(1/4)}$  of the block-entropy  $H_n$  (in units of  $\log_3$ ) for Beethoven's Sonata.

**FIG. 10.** Power law in  $n^{(0.9)}$  of the block-entropy  $H_n$  (in units of  $\log_3$ ) for "Rokudan no Shirabe."

8

9





Working Group "STEM MATERIALS" events:

"Stem Materials: clues and path identification" 12-14 December, 2018 – Rome

> "Step towards Stem Materials" 25-26 June, 2019 – Brussels

"A Quest for an Interface between Information and Action", 7, 9 & 20 April 2021 (remotely)

Moretti, P.F., Grzybowski, B.A., Basios, V. et al. **"STEM materials: a new frontier for an intelligent sustainable world"**. BMC Mat 1, 3 (2019). doi.org/10.1186/s42833-019-0004-4

### COMASAN: (biological information) complexity mathematical analysis of the simplest neural-network

Stuart Kaufmann "adjacent possible" Yukio-Pegio Gunji F BIB-extended Bayesian

Pier-Francesco Moretti CNR Andrey Shilnikov Sym.Dyn. in Neurons











*Grammar & Syntax, Semantics & Meaning:* 

## *"WE ARE NOWHERE"*

## "WE ARE NOW HERE"



#### Proceedings of the remote workshop:

A guest for an Interface between Information and action Gaeta, 7,9,20 April 2021 (online)

#### WG MATERIALS

Science and Technology Foresight: from society to research National Research Council of Italy



### http://www2.foresight.cnr.it/pubblications/issn.html

ience & Technology



Schematic view of the concept of Stem Materials: understanding the functioning of living organisms and their interaction within the ecosystem (here represented in yellow as the marine gastropod mollusk named "pelican's foot") is approached through the integration of different aspects (in hexagons) which allows to identify building blocks (in red) to be assembled for a new generation of intelligent materials.

> Editors: Pier Francesco Moretti, Vasileios Basios **Corresponding author** Pier Francesco Moretti

Copy editing and graphycs Pier Francesco Moretti, Francesco Verginelli

Publisher @2021, Consiglio Nazionale delle Ricerche

http://www.foresight.cnr.it/

All rights reserved ISSN 2724-6132

FORESIGHT from society to research	Council of Italy
N D P Y	
INDEX	
Preface	
(Pier Francesco Moretti & Vasileios Baisos)	
Index	
Articles	
1. Chaos, rhythms and processes in structure and funct	ion
(Vasileios Basios, Yukio-Pegio Gunii)	
2. Dynamic information in complex networks	
(Enrico Canobianco)	13
3 From information to action" means "from encoding	to decoding"
(Cédric Gaucherel, Camille Nous)	12
4. Comition and communication in different evolution	ary levels; some reflections
(Alice Affatati)	24
5 Emergence of organisms: An exploration of the hou	ndaries between living organisms and robots
(Andrea Roli Stuart & Kauffman)	and the second of the second
6 COMA-SAN: a COMplexity Analysis in the Simple	st Alive Neuronal network
(Giovanni Longo, Angela Di Giannatale, Marta Collei	tti. Pier Francesco Moretti. Marco Girasole)
	4
7. Boomerang and Hologram - two examples of inform	nation in motion: The exploration of physica
kinetic and structural information	
(Annette Grathoff)	5
8. The generalization of the periodic table: the "period	ic table" of "dark matter"
(Vasil Penchev)	7
9 What is consciousness? Artificial intelligence, real i	ntelligence quantum mind and qualia
(Stuart A Kauffman Andrea Roli)	R
10 Diamonds and Condensed Types: The New Ma	thematics of Pro-Emergence and Tempors
Nonlocality	internates of 110 Entryclice and Tempsil
(Shanna Dohoon)	8
(Saman Doolory)	
Long Abstracts	
11. A review of some ideas in Mathematical Biology	
(Roberto Natalini)	
12. The Music of matter	
(Tom Mc Leish)	
13. Energy, Information and Time Scales in Huma	in Brain Dynamics: Can there be quantum
computation? (J.A. Tuszynski)	
14. Feedbacks: closing the loop	
(Katherine Peil Kauffman)	
Programme of the workshop	
	80.07
Short "bios" of the first authors	

Antional Research



### https://www.math3ma.com/categories/probability

